Lab Science 9

Mr. Happer

# **Self Designed Experiment with Batteries**

*Before Lab Investigation*

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*Objective:* The objective of this experiment is to find out what combinations or types of metals are the most effective when constructing batteries.

*Plan:* We are going to use different combinations of metals, and different types of metals to test which metals are the most effective and efficient in constructing batteries. We will use ammeters to find the voltage of the batteries constructed by the different metals, and use this voltage value to find out which metal combinations resulted in the most effective and efficient batteries.

*Materials:*

1. 1 glass beaker/plastic cup (about 50-100 ml)
2. 5 types of metal (one sheet for every type of metal used)
3. 1 ammeter (to measure voltage)
4. About half liter of water (enough to refill the beaker 5 times)
5. Two electrical wires (preferably copper with rubber insulation)
6. 1 pair of metal shears (strong enough to cut iron)

*Set up (diagram):*

Wire 1

Ammeter\*

Wire 2

H20

Metal (Type 2)

Metal (Type 1)

*Independent variable:* the types of metals

*Constants:* The amount of water

*:* The size of the metal pieces

*:* The way we connect the metal

*:* The conductivity of the metals

*Dependent variable:* the voltage of the battery

*Metals used in the experiments:* aluminum, lead, copper, iron, and brass

1. Procedure for 1st experiment (aluminum and brass)
   1. Prepare a beakers/cup, fill with approximately 40 ml of water
   2. Cut sheets of metal (aluminum and brass) with the metal shears so that there is 1 piece of 1 by 3 inch metal for each type of metal
   3. File the edges and corners of the metal so that there is less risk of injury during the experiment
   4. Place 2 pieces of prepared metal, one piece of aluminum and one piece of brass, vertically into the beaker and keep them separated
   5. Connect the piece of aluminum to the ammeter wire using an electrical wire, and do the same for the piece of brass
   6. Turn the ammeter dial to the voltage setting, wait for the value to stabilize at a certain value and record the voltage
2. Procedure for other experiments
   1. Same procedure as 1st experiment except with the different metals
   2. Continue this procedure for at least 10 experiments with different metals

*Expectations:* We expect the copper and brass will result in the highest voltages, for copper has a high conductivity, and brass is an alloy of copper and zinc. Additionally, we predict the lead and aluminum will perform the worst, due to lead’s terrible conductivity, and aluminum is only a semi-conductor. Our hypothesis is that conductivity will affect the effectiveness, strength, and efficiency of the different battery types greatly.

Graph of expected values (5 combinations of metals):

VOLTAGE

Copper & Brass

Brass & Aluminum

Iron & Copper

Aluminum & Copper

Lead & Aluminum

Types/Combinations of Metals